



PRONOUNS



Pronouns in general are words that are used to refer to someone or something without having to use that particular objects name over and over again.

Spanish pronouns affect the verbs in a sentence, which are conjugated respectively.



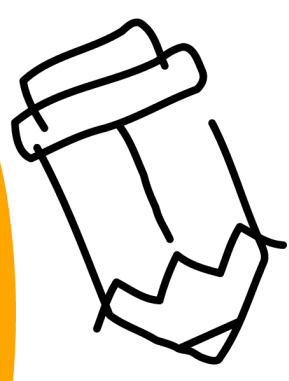
HOW ARE SPANISH PRONOUNS DIFFERENT FROM ENGLISH PRONOUNS?



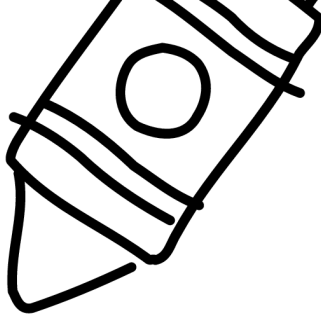
In Spanish, most pronouns have a gender. This is because all nouns in Spanish are gendered, so the corresponding pronoun has to agree with the gender of the noun it's replacing.

Another important difference is that there are certain pronouns that can be classified as formal or informal.

-usted is used instead of tú when you are talking to someone you want to show respect to.



you can use the pronouns in a sentence to emphasize who is doing the action.



SPANISH PRONOUNS



- **SUBJECT PRONOUNS**
- **POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS**
- **DIRECT OBJECT PRONOUNS**
- **INDIRECT OBJECT PRONOUNS**
- **PREPOSITIONAL PRONOUNS**
- **REFLEXIVE PRONOUNS**
- **RELATIVE PRONOUNS**
- **INDEFINITE PRONOUNS**
- **DEMONSTRATIVE PRONOUNS**

